



**TESTIMONY OF
CONNECTICUT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION
SUBMITTED TO THE
PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE
Wednesday, February 26, 2020**

SB 143, An Act Prohibiting Covenants Not To Compete Involving Physicians

The Connecticut Hospital Association (CHA) appreciates this opportunity to submit testimony concerning **SB 143, An Act Prohibiting Covenants Not To Compete Involving Physicians**. CHA opposes the bill.

Before commenting on this bill, it is important to point out that Connecticut hospitals and health systems provide high quality care for everyone, regardless of their ability to pay, and work to improve the health of those who live in our communities. Supporting Connecticut's hospitals strengthens our healthcare system and our economy.

SB 143 would prohibit the use of noncompete clauses in physician employment contracts.

In 2016, the Connecticut General Assembly adopted Public Act 16-95, codified at Section 20-14p of the general statutes, which establishes statutory limitations on covenants not to compete in physician contracts.

The statute defines a covenant not to compete as “any provision of an employment or other contract or agreement that creates or establishes a professional relationship with a physician and restricts the right of a physician to practice medicine in any geographic area of the state for any period of time after the termination or cessation of such partnership, employment or other professional relationship.”

The statute effectively limits covenants not to compete for physicians that are entered into, amended, extended, or renewed on or after July 1, 2016 to:

- A period of not more than one year, and
- In a geographic region of no more than fifteen miles from the primary site where such physician practices

In addition, the statute includes provisions that:

- Require that each covenant not to compete entered into, amended, or renewed on or after July 1, 2016, be separately and individually signed by the physician
- Indicate that the remaining provisions of any contract or agreement that includes a covenant not to compete, which is rendered void and unenforceable in whole or in part under the provisions of this section, shall remain in full force and effect, including provisions that require the payment of damages resulting from any injury suffered by reason of termination of such contract or agreement
- Require that, if such a covenant is made, it will be enforceable only if the covenant was:
(a) in anticipation of, or as part of, a partnership or ownership agreement and such contract or agreement expires and is not renewed unless, prior to such expiration, the employer makes a bona fide offer to renew the contract on the same or similar terms and conditions; or (b) if the employment or contractual relationship is terminated by the employer for cause

Section 20-14p of the general statutes represents an effort to balance the interests of the physician and the employer. It constrains the duration, geographical scope, and application of covenants not to compete in physician employment contracts in the interests of maintaining access to care, continuity of care, and patient choice. It also recognizes the legitimate use of reasonable restrictions in certain circumstances, such as when a physician decides to leave a practice and open up their own practice in the same town.

Our existing statute allows an employer to use a noncompete clause (i) to discourage an employed physician from leaving to join a competing local healthcare provider, (ii) to protect the employer's disproportionate investment in a physician's training and development, and (iii) to mitigate the adverse financial impact on an employer's existing practice, which may result from a physician leaving a practice group to join another local practice group.

The Connecticut General Assembly engaged in a long, arduous, and thorough examination of the use of covenants not to compete in physician contracts a few short years ago. The outcome was a statute that attempts to achieve a balance between the legitimate interests of both the employer and the physician.

We urge you to leave the current statute intact.

Thank you for your consideration of our position. For additional information, contact CHA Government Relations at (203) 294-7310.